



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

*Summary of reports from New Laredo.*LAREDO, TEX., *June 1, 1904.*

Doctor Garza informs from New Laredo for week ended May 31, 2,940 domiciliary visits. Two hundred and seventy-five containers found with larvæ, either emptied or oiled; no fumigations.

RICHARDSON.

LAREDO, TEX., *June 7, 1904.*

New Laredo, Mexico, reports for June 4, 5, and 6, 1,328 domiciliary visits and 73 water containers sanitized.

RICHARDSON.

LAREDO, TEX., *June 9, 1904.*

New Laredo, Mexico, reports, for June 7 and 8, 1,000 domiciliary visits and 93 barrels emptied and 6 oiled.

FRICK.

INSPECTION SERVICE, MEXICAN BORDER.

Inspection at Nogales, Ariz.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Gustetter reports as follows, week ended May 28, 1904: Passengers inspected, 167; immigrants inspected, 40.

Inspection at El Paso, Tex.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Alexander reports, May 21, as follows:

Weeks ended May 21 and 28, 1904:

Mexican Central passengers inspected, 162; Mexican immigrants inspected, 8; disinfection soiled linen imported for laundry work, 412 pieces.

Week ended May 28, 1904: Mexican Central passengers inspected, 203; special Pullman inspected, 14; Mexican immigrants inspected, 18; fumigation of hides, 1 carload; vaccination of passengers and immigrants, 5.

Inspection at Laredo, Tex.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Hamilton reports, through Passed Assistant Surgeon Richardson, June 1, as follows:

Week ended May 28, 1904: Passenger trains entered from Mexico inspected, 14; persons on trains from Mexico inspected, 300; immigrants on trains from Mexico inspected, 19; immigrants vaccinated upon entry, 2; persons refused entry, 15; Pullman coaches disinfected, 7; persons inspected and passed on international foot and carriage bridge, 3,600; immigrants inspected entering on international foot and carriage bridge, 4.

Statistical reports of States and cities of the United States—Yearly and monthly.

CONNECTICUT—*Stamford*.—Month of May, 1904: Estimated population, 18,000. Number of deaths not reported. No deaths from contagious diseases reported.

ILLINOIS—*Belleville*.—Month of May, 1904. Estimated population, 19,000. Total number of deaths 22, including 3 from phthisis pulmonalis.

East St. Louis.—Month of May, 1904. Estimated population, 50,000. Number of deaths not reported. One death from smallpox reported.

Iowa—Dubuque.—Two weeks ended May 28, 1904. Estimated population, 40,000. Total number of deaths 18, including 2 from tuberculosis.

MICHIGAN.—Reports to the State board of health, Lansing, for the week ended May 28, 1904, from 88 observers, indicate that neuralgia, gonorrhea, cancer, intermittent, inflammation of bowels, cholera morbus, remittent fever, whooping cough, dysentery, puerperal fever, membranous croup, and cholera infantum were more prevalent, and enteric fever and scarlet fever were less prevalent than in the preceding week.

Meningitis was reported present at 2, whooping cough at 12, diphtheria at 34, enteric fever at 40, scarlet fever at 48, pneumonia at 57, measles at 98, smallpox at 101, and phthisis pulmonalis at 263 places.

PENNSYLVANIA—Pottsville.—Month of May, 1904. Estimated population, 17,210. Total number of deaths 27, including 2 from diphtheria.

VIRGINIA—Pocahontas.—Month of May, 1904. Census population, 2,788. Number of deaths not reported. No deaths from contagious diseases reported.

Report of immigration at Baltimore.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER OF IMMIGRATION,
Baltimore, Md., May 28, 1904.

Number of alien immigrants who arrived at this port during the week ended May 28, 1904; also names of vessel and port from which they came.

Date of arrival.	Vessel.	Where from.	Number of aliens.
May 26	Hanover	Bremen	1,701

LOUIS T. WEIS, *Commissioner.*

Report of immigration at Boston.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER OF IMMIGRATION,
Boston, Mass., May 30, 1904.

Number of alien immigrants who arrived at this port during the week ended May 28, 1904; also names of vessels and ports from which they came.

Date of arrival.	Vessel.	Where from.	Number of immigrants.
May 23	Winifredian	Liverpool, England	4
24	Admiral Schley	Port Antonio, Jamaica	23
24	Canopic	Italian ports	1,305
28	Cretic	Liverpool, England	547
	Total		1,879

GEORGE B. BILLINGS, *Commissioner.*